Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listing of claims in the above-identified application.

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula (I)

the N-oxides, the pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts and the stereochemically isomeric forms thereof, wherein the dotted line is an optional bond and is absent when X^2 represents nitrogen; the radical $-Y^1-Y^2$ - is a radical of formula

wherein in the bivalent radicals of formula (a-1) or (a-2) the hydrogen atom may optionally be replaced by C_{1-6} alkyl or phenyl; or in the bivalent radicals of formula (a-3) or (a-4) one or two hydrogen atoms may optionally be replaced by C_{1-6} alkyl or phenyl;

X¹ is carbon or nitrogen;

at least one of X^2 or X^3 X^2 represents CH and X^3 represents nitrogen; or X^2 represents nitrogen and the other X^2 or X^3 represents CH or carbon when the dotted line represents a bond, or both X^3 represents CH; or X^2 and X^3 represent nitrogen; R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

aryl¹;

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       C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with hydroxy, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, aryl<sup>1</sup> or naphthalenyl;
       C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl;
       C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkenyl;
       C<sub>3-6</sub>alkenyl;
       C<sub>3-6</sub>alkenyl substituted with aryl<sup>1</sup>;
       C<sub>3-6</sub>alkynyl;
       C<sub>3.6</sub>alkynyl substituted with aryl<sup>1</sup>;
       C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl optionally substituted with aryl<sup>1</sup>;
       or when -Y^1-Y^2 is a radical of formula (a-1) than R^1 may be taken together with
       Y<sup>2</sup> to form a radical of formula -CH=CH-CH=CH- wherein each hydrogen may
       optionally be replaced by a substituent independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl,
       C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy, polyhaloC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, halo, cyano, trifluoromethyl or aryl<sup>1</sup>;
       wherein aryl<sup>1</sup> is phenyl; or phenyl substituted with from one or five
       two substituents each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy,
       polyhaloC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, halo, cyano, or trifluoromethyl;
R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or halo;
A is C<sub>1-6</sub>alkanedivl:
       C<sub>1-6</sub>alkanediyl substituted with one or two groups selected from aryl<sup>2</sup>-and
       heteroaryl and C<sub>3.8</sub>eveloalkyl;
       or provided X<sup>3</sup> represents CH said radical A may also represent NH optionally
       substituted with aryl<sup>2</sup>, heteroaryl<sup>4</sup> or C<sub>3-8</sub>cycloalkyl;
       wherein aryl<sup>2</sup> is phenyl; or phenyl substituted with from one to five substituents
                  each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy, halo, cyano or
                  trifluoromethyl;
                  heteroaryl is furanyl, thienyl, pyridinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, or
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B is $N\underline{R}^3R^4$;, or OR^9 :

or trifluoromethyl;

pyridazinyl; and said heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or

two substituents each independently selected from C₁₋₄alkyl ,or halo;

and wherein heteroaryl is thienyl or pyridinyl; -C₁₋₄alkyloxy, halo, cyano

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         wherein each R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently selected from
                 hydrogen,
                 C<sub>1-8</sub>alkyl,
                 C<sub>1-8</sub>alkyl substituted with one or two , two or three-substituents each
                               independently from one another selected from hydroxy, halo,
                               cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, C<sub>3-8</sub>cycloalkyl,
                               polyhaloC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>, CONR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, aryl<sup>3</sup>, polycyclic aryl, or
                               heteroaryl<sup>2</sup>;
                 C<sub>3-8</sub>cycloalkyl;
                 C<sub>3-8</sub>cycloalkenyl;
                 C<sub>3-8</sub>alkenyl;
                 C3.8alkynyl;
                 aryl<sup>3</sup>;
                 polycyclic aryl;
                 heteroarvl<sup>2</sup>; or
                 R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> combined with the nitrogen atom bearing R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> may form
                     a an azetidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, azepanyl, or
                     azocanyl ring wherein each of these rings may optionally be
                     substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxycarbonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl,
                     carbonylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonylamino, CONR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup> or C<sub>1-1</sub>
                     4alkylCONR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>;
                 wherein
                 R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or aryl<sup>3</sup>, polycyclic aryl, or heteroaryl<sup>2</sup>;
                 R<sup>6</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;
                 R<sup>7</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or phenyl;
                 R<sup>8</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or phenyl; or
                 R<sup>9</sup> is C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with one, two or three substituents
                     each independently from one another selected from hydroxy, halo,
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cyano, C₁₋₄alkyloxy, C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyl, C₃₋₈cycloalkyl, C₃₋₈cycloalkenyl, trifluoromethyl, NR⁵R⁶, CONR⁷R⁸, aryl³, polycyclic aryl, or heteroaryl²; wherein

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aryl³ is phenyl; phenyl substituted with one to <u>five_three_substituents</u> each independently selected from C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxy, halo, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, eyano, C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonylC₁₋₄alkyl, methylsulfonylamino, methylsulfonyl, or NR⁵R⁶, C₁₋₄alkylNR⁵R⁶, CONR⁷R⁸ or C₁₋₄alkylCONR⁷R⁸;

- polycyclic aryl is naphthalenyl, indanyl, <u>or</u> fluorenyl, er 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphtalenyl, and said polycyclic aryl is optionally substituted with one er two substituents each substituent independently selected from C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, phenyl, halo, cyano, C₁₋₄alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonylC₁₋₄alkyl, NR⁵R⁶, C₁₋₄alkylNR⁵R⁶, CONR⁷R⁸, C₁₋₄alkylCONR⁷R⁸ or C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonylamino and
- heteroaryl² is pyridinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, triazinyl, triazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrrolyl, furanyl, thienyl; quinolinyl; isoquinolinyl; 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinolinyl; benzothiazolyl; benzo[1,3]dioxolyl; 2,3-dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxinyl; indolyl; 2,3-dihydro-1H-indolyl; 1H-benzoimidazolyl; and said heteroaryl² is optionally substituted with one or two substituents each independently selected from C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, phenyl, halo, cyano, C₁₋₄alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxy-carbonyl, or C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonylC₁₋₄alkyl, NR⁵R⁶, C₁₋₄alkylNR⁵R⁶, CONR⁷R⁸ or C₁₋₄alkylCONR⁷R⁸.
- Claim 2. (Original) A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein X² represents nitrogen and X³ represents CH.
- Claim 3. (Original) A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein X^2 represents CH and X^3 represents nitrogen.
- Claim 4. (Original) A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein both X^2 and X^3 represent nitrogen.

Claim 5. (Previously Presented) A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein radical A represents C₁₋₆alkanediyl substituted with aryl².

- Claim 6. (Previously Presented) A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein radical B represents OR⁹ wherein R⁹ is C₁₋₆alkyl or NR³R⁴ wherein R³ is hydrogen.
- Claim 7. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically active amount of a compound as claimed in claim 1.
- Claim 8. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a pharmaceutical composition comprising as claimed in claim 7 wherein a therapeutically active amount of a compound as claimed in claim 1 is intimately mixing ed a therapeutically active amount of a compound of claim 1 with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claim 9. (Cancelled)

Claim 10. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (I) of claim 1 wherein

an intermediate of formula (II), wherein X^1 , X^2 , X^3 , R^2 , A, and B are as defined in claim 1 and Q is selected from bromo, iodo and trifluoromethylsulfonate, wherein Y^1 , Y^2 and R^1 are defined as in claim 1, is reacted with an intermediate of formula (III), wherein Y^1 , Y^2 and R^1 are defined as in claim 1, wherein X^4 , X^2 , X^3 , R^2 , A, and B are as defined in claim 1 and Q is selected from bromo, iodo and trifluoromethylsulfonate, in a reaction-inert solvent and optionally in the presence of at least one transition metal coupling reagent and/or at least one suitable catalyst such as palladium associated with triphenylphosphine, or triphenylarsine; or to prepare a compound of formula (I) as follows:

Claim 11. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula (IX)

HO-C-A-X³

$$X^2$$
 X^1
 X^1
 X^2
 X^1
 X^2
 X^1
 X^2
 X^1
 X^2
 X^2
 X^3
 X^4
 X^2
 X^3
 X^4
 X^4

the *N*-oxides, the pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts and the stereochemically isomeric forms thereof, wherein R^4 , R^2 , X^4 , X^2 , X^3 , Y^4 , Y^2 and A are as defined in claim 1.

the dotted line is an optional bond and is absent when X^2 represents nitrogen; the radical $-Y^1-Y^2$ - is a radical of formula

-N=CH- (a-1), -CH=N- (a-2), -CH2-CH2- (a-3), -CH=CH- (a-4),

wherein in the bivalent radicals of formula (a-1) or (a-2) the hydrogen atom may optionally be replaced by C₁₋₆alkyl or phenyl;

X¹ is carbon or nitrogen;

 X^2 presents CH and X^3 represents nitrogen; or X^2 represents nitrogen and X^3 represents CH; or X^2 and X^3 represent nitrogen;

 R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

aryl1;

C₁₋₆alkyl substituted with hydroxy, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, aryl¹ or naphthalenyl;

C₃₋₆alkenyl;

C₃₋₆alkenyl substituted with aryl¹;

C₁₋₄alkyloxyC₁₋₄alkanediyl optionally substituted with aryl¹;

or when -Y¹-Y²- is a radical of formula (a-1) than R¹ may be taken together with Y² to form a radical of formula -CH=CH-CH=CH- wherein each hydrogen may optionally be replaced by a substituent independently selected from C_{1-4} 4alkyl, C_{1-4} 4alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or aryl¹;

wherein aryl¹ is phenyl; or phenyl substituted with from one or two
substituents each independently selected from C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxy, halo, or trifluoromethyl;

R² is hydrogen, C₁₋₄alkyl, or halo;

A is C₁₋₆alkanediyl;

 C_{1-6} alkanediyl substituted with one or two groups selected from aryl² and heteroaryl¹;

whereinaryl² is phenyl; or phenyl substituted with from one or two substituents each independently selected from C₁₋₄alkyl or halo; heteroaryl¹ is thienyl or pyridinyl.

Claim 12. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 10, further comprising converting the compound of formula (I) into an acid addition salt.

Claim 13. (Currently Amended) A method of treating a warm-blooded animal suffering from a disorder selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, pancreatitis, obesity, hypertriglyceridemia, hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipidemia, diabetes and type II diabetes, caused by an excess of very low density lipoproteins (VLDL) or low density lipoproteins (LDL) comprising administering to the animal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

Claim 14. (Cancelled)

Claim 15. (Currently Amended) The method of treatment according to claim <u>13</u>12 wherein the disorder is hyperlipidemia, obesity, atherosclerosis or type II diabetes.